### **HOUSE BILL No. 1339**

#### DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 9-13-2; IC 9-19-11; IC 20-27-9-5.

**Synopsis:** Motor vehicle child restraint systems. Repeals and revises the child restraint system law to eliminate certain exceptions for drivers from outside Indiana. Revises the definition of antique motor vehicle for purposes of the child restraint system law to include only motor vehicles that were manufactured without a safety belt as a part of the original manufacturer's equipment. Revises the definition of school bus for purposes of the child restraint system law. Specifies that a person may not be found to have violated the child restraint system law if the court determines that it would be impractical to require that a child be fastened and restrained by a child restraint system because of a physical condition, including physical deformity, a medical condition, or the size of the child. Eliminates the requirement that a special purpose bus must be required to be constructed, equipped, or painted as specified for school buses. Requires the operator of a special purpose bus with a capacity of less than 16 passengers to: (1) hold a valid operator's, chauffeur's, public passenger chauffeur's, or commercial driver's license; and (2) meet the requirements for a school bus driver.

Effective: July 1, 2009.

# Welch, Soliday, Lawson L

January 13, 2009, read first time and referred to Committee on Roads and Transportation.



#### First Regular Session 116th General Assembly (2009)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2008 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

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## **HOUSE BILL No. 1339**

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning motor vehicles.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

SECTION 1. IC 9-13-2-3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 3. (a) Except as provided in
subsection (b), "antique motor vehicle" means a motor vehicle or
motor scooter that is at least twenty-five (25) years old.

(b) "Antique motor vehicle", for purposes of IC 9-19-11-1(6), means a passenger motor vehicle or truck that was manufactured without a safety belt as a part of the standard equipment installed by the manufacturer at each designated seating position, before the requirement of the installation of safety belts in the motor vehicle according to the standards stated in the Federal Motor Vehicle Safety Standard Number 208 (49 CFR 571.208).

SECTION 2. IC 9-13-2-161 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 161. (a) "School bus" means, except as provided in subsection subsections (b) and (c), a:

- (1) bus;
- (2) hack;

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17 (3) conveyance;



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1 2	<ul><li>(4) commercial motor vehicle; or</li><li>(5) motor vehicle;</li></ul>	
3		
4	used to transport preschool, elementary, or secondary school children to and from school and to and from school athletic games or contests	
5	or other school functions. The term does not include a privately owned	
6	automobile with a capacity of not more than five (5) passengers that is	
7	used for the purpose of transporting school children to and from school.	
8	(b) "School bus", for purposes of IC 9-21, means a motor vehicle	
9	owned by a public or governmental agency and operated for the	
.0	transportation of children to or from school, including project	
1	headstart, or privately owned and operated for compensation for the	
2	transportation of children to and from school, including project	
3	headstart.	
4	(c) "School bus", for purposes of IC 9-19-11-1(1), means a	
5	motor vehicle:	
6	(1) that meets the federal school bus safety requirements	
7	under 49 U.S.C. 30125; or	
8	(2) that:	
9	(A) meets the federal school bus safety requirements under	
20	49 U.S.C. 30125 except the:	
21	(i) stop signal arm required under federal motor vehicle	
22	safety standard (FMVSS) no. 131; and	
23	(ii) flashing lamps required under federal motor vehicle	
24	safety standard (FMVSS) no. 108;	_
25	(B) when owned by a school (as defined in IC 20-20-4-3) or	
26	a nonaccredited, nonpublic school (as defined in	_
27	IC 20-33-2-12(a)) and used to transport students, complies	
28	with the Federal Motor Carrier Safety Regulations as	
29 80	prescribed by the United States Department of Transportation Federal Motor Carrier Safety	
51	Administration as set forth in 49 CFR Chapter III	
32	Subchapter B; or	
33	(C) when owned by a school (as defined in IC 20-20-4-3) or	
34	a nonaccredited, nonpublic school (as defined in	
55	IC 20-33-2-12(a)) and used to transport students, is a	
66	motor coach type bus with a capacity of at least thirty (30)	
37	passengers and a gross vehicle weight rating greater than	
8	twenty-six thousand (26,000) pounds.	
9	SECTION 3. IC 9-19-11-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.2-2005,	
10	SECTION 33, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
1	JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 2. (a) A person who	
12	(1) holds an Indiana driver's license; and	



1	(2) operates a motor vehicle in which there is a child less than	
2	eight (8) years of age who is not properly fastened and restrained	
3	according to the child restraint system manufacturer's instructions	
4	by a child restraint system	
5	commits a Class D infraction, unless it is reasonably determined that	
6	the child will not fit in a child restraint system. A person may not be	
7	found to have violated this subsection if the court determines that	
8	it would be impractical to require that a child be fastened and	
9	restrained by a child restraint system because of:	4
10	(1) a physical condition, including physical deformity;	
11	(2) a medical condition; or	
12	(3) the size;	
13	of the child. In making its determination, the court may require	
14	proof of the physical condition or physical deformity of the child,	
15	the medical condition, or the size of the child.	_
16	(b) Notwithstanding IC 34-28-5-5(c), funds collected as judgments	
17	for violations under this section shall be deposited in the child restraint	
18	system account established by section 9 of this chapter.	
19	SECTION 4. IC 9-19-11-3.7 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
20	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 3.7. Notwithstanding	
21	sections 2 <del>3, 3.3,</del> and 3.6 of this chapter, a person may operate a motor	
22	vehicle in which there is a child who weighs more than forty (40)	
23	pounds and who is properly restrained and fastened by a lap safety belt	
24	if:	
25	(1) the motor vehicle is not equipped with lap and shoulder safety	
26	belts; or	
27	(2) not including the operator's seat and the front passenger seat:	7
28	(A) the motor vehicle is equipped with one (1) or more lap and	
29	shoulder safety belts; and	
30	(B) all the lap and shoulder safety belts are being used to	
31	properly restrain other children who are less than sixteen (16)	
32	years of age.	
33	SECTION 5. IC 20-27-9-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.99-2007,	
34	SECTION 171, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS	
35	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 5. (a) A special purpose bus may be	
36	used:	
37	(1) by a school corporation to provide regular transportation of a	
38	student between one (1) school and another school but not	
39	between the student's residence and the school;	
40	(2) to transport students and their supervisors, including coaches,	
41	managers, and sponsors to athletic or other extracurricular school	
42	activities and field trips:	



1	(3) by a school corporation to provide transportation between an	
2	individual's residence and the school for an individual enrolled in	
3	a special program for the habilitation or rehabilitation of persons	
4	with a developmental or physical disability; and	
5	(4) to transport homeless students under IC 20-27-12.	
6	(b) The mileage limitation of section 3 of this chapter does not apply	
7	to special purpose buses.	
8	(c) The operator of a special purpose bus must be at least	
9	twenty-one (21) years of age, be authorized by the school corporation,	
10	and meet the following requirements:	
11	(1) If the special purpose bus has a capacity of less than sixteen	
12	(16) passengers, the operator must:	
13	(A) hold a valid operator's, chauffeur's, or public passenger	
14	chauffeur's, or commercial driver's license; and	
15	(B) meet the requirements for a school bus driver set forth	_
16	in IC 20-27-8.	
17	(2) If the special purpose bus has a capacity of more than fifteen	
18	(15) passengers, the operator must meet the requirements for a	
19	school bus driver set out in IC 20-27-8.	
20	(d) A special purpose bus is not required to be constructed,	
21	equipped, or painted as specified for school buses under this article or	
22	by the rules of the committee.	
23	(e) (d) An owner or operator of a special purpose bus, other than a	
24	special purpose bus owned or operated by a school corporation or a	_
25	nonpublic school, is subject to IC 8-2.1.	
26	SECTION 6. THE FOLLOWING ARE REPEALED [EFFECTIVE	
27	JULY 1, 2009]: IC 9-19-11-3; IC 9-19-11-3.3.	
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